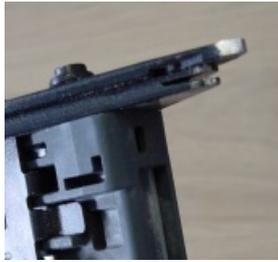




Putting guide

Snap-Tack parquetfloor can be put in pretty much the same way as any other 9 mm toplayer on a wooden underfloor. However, you must consider a few differences:



The Snap-Tack system uses secret nailing: you nail the boards in the tooth with an adapted pinner. If your pinner is not adaptable (mainly the shape of the nailing head), we can supply you with the right tool.

For glueing we advise the use of 2-component poly-urethane glues of the like.



Nailing is to be done in the tooth at an angle of approximately 45°. Keeping the right angle is essential - while gaining experience, you will soon get used to it. When you hold the pinner too flat, the nail will not attach to the underfloor, when you hold it to straightup, the tooth will splinter.



You may start laying the floor from the middle of the room or from one wall to the other. If you start from the middle, the boards have to be put groove against groove and the grooves need to be filled with a filler, woodkit, parquet glue, anything that will harden and keep the groove from breaking afterwards.

You put down the first row of boards with the tooth pointing towards the laying direction and nail them on both sides: on the side with the groove, you nail them from above (about one nail per 70 cm, preferably in a nut, if available - let us try not to put too much extra holes in the beautiful sheets of wood), on the side of the tooth, you nail the board in the tooth, of course.



Then you continue, putting the next row of boards. Snap the board onto the tooth of the boards that are already pinned down and nail in the tooth. You may start different rows at a time, as you are used to.



Of course, it is not prohibited to nail from the top. Once in a while, there may be a board that is a bit disobediant and that you need to pin down more securely. Don't exaggerate but put nails where necessary. This also applies for small areas where you need to work in reverse (groove into tooth) and where the ends of boards meet with a small difference. By putting the boards nicely flat one to another, you will gain on sanding time. The pinner has enough strength to pin into knots and hard wood.

All of the wood we work with is being dried to obtain a stable, well behaving board with an equilibrium moisture content of 10%. The boards are put through a calibrating saw to ensure straight boards and planed as if they were sanded. We stock appropriately, considering the boards need to be stocked flat, away from moisture, and in a controlled air humidity. Every order that ships is controlled again for moisture content (10% +/- 2). We advise the use of 2-component glues. Refunds and exchanges only on full packs of boards that are not used, not treated and not modified in any way.